

2011
VERSION 1.0

These training requirements apply to those who begin training on or after July 1st, 2011.

MINIMUM TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

Five years (65 blocks) of approved residency training in Urology. A block is defined as one complete four (4) week rotation. This period must include:

1. Two (2) years (26 blocks) of foundational training in surgery that meets the requirements of the Royal College Surgical Foundations curriculum. This period must be approved by the Urology program director in conjunction with the Surgical Foundations program coordinator. This initial period of postgraduate training must include:
 - 1.1. A minimum of three (3) and a maximum of thirteen (13) blocks of Urology
 - 1.2. A minimum of three (3) blocks of General Surgery
 - 1.3. A minimum of two (2) blocks of Critical Care Medicine which must include:
 - 1.3.1. A minimum of one (1) block on a service that provides initial trauma management (such as Emergency Medicine, General Surgery, trauma team, Orthopedic Surgery, or Plastic Surgery)
2. Thirty-nine (39) blocks of residency training in Urology, which must include :
 - 2.1. Six (6) blocks of responsibility as senior resident
 - 2.2. Three (3) blocks of pediatric Urology or the equivalent longitudinal experience
 - 2.3. Exposure to the following Urology subspecialty domains while in Urology rotations:
 - 2.3.1. Andrology
 - 2.3.2. Endourology
 - 2.3.3. Oncology
 - 2.3.4. Reconstruction
 - 2.3.5. Transplantation
 - 2.3.6. Voiding Dysfunction
 - 2.4. Up to three (3) blocks of research or elective time as approved by the Urology program director

NOTES:

Royal College Certification in Urology requires all of the following:

1. Successful completion of a two year Royal College Surgical Foundations curriculum;
2. Successful completion of the Royal College Principles of Surgery examination;
3. Successful completion of a five year Royal College accredited program in Urology;
4. Successful completion of the Royal College examination in Urology; and
5. Successful completion of at least one scholarly project related to Urology, as attested by the Program Director.

The five year program outlined above is to be regarded as the minimum training requirement. Additional training may be required by the program director to ensure that clinical competence has been achieved.

Training must incorporate the principle of graded increasing responsibility. Senior residency is defined as the six month period in which the resident is regularly entrusted with the responsibility for pre-operative, operative and post-operative care, including the most difficult problems in Urology. The senior resident shall be in charge of a urological unit: no other resident or fellow shall impede direct communication between the senior resident and the attending staff Urologist

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